



DEFENSE SUPPLY CENTER PHILADELPHIA
WEST COAST SUPPORT OFFICE

Excerpt News

Phytosanitary/Quarantine Information

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Restricted Products

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES ----subject----

?? All non-host material for [*Ceratitis capitata*](#) (Mediterranean fruit fly),
[*Anastrepha suspensa*](#) (Caribbean fruit fly) and non prohibited fruit and
vegetables.

PC is required.

?? Host fruit of [*Ceratitis capitata*](#) (Mediterranean fruit fly) from the continental
U.S.A.

Actinidia chinensis (kiwi)

Capsicum frutescens (*Annuum*) (pepper)

Carica papaya (papaya)

Carissa macrocarpa (natal plum)

Casimiroa edulis (white sapote)

Citrullus vulgaris (watermelon)

Citrus aurantiifolia (lime)

C. aurantium (sour orange)

C. grandis (pummelo)

C. limon (lemon)

C. medica (citrus citron)

C. paradisi (grapefruit)

C. reticulata (mandarin orange, tangerine)

C. reticulata* x *Fortunella (orange, calamondin)

C. reticulata* x *Sinensis (orange, king)

C. reticulata* var. *Unshu (orange, unshu)

C. sinensis (orange, sweet)

Cucumis spp.

Cucurbita spp.

Cydonia oblonga (quince)

Diospyros kaki (Japanese persimmon)

Eriobotrya japonica (loquat)

***Eugenia dombeyi* (*Brasiliensis*)** (Spanish cherry (Brazilian plum))

E. jambos (rose apple)

Eugenia uniflora (surinam cherry)

Feijoa sellowiana (pineapple guava)

Ficus carica (fig)

Fortunella japonica (kumquat, Chinese orange)

Fragaria spp. (strawberry)

Hibiscus esculentus (okra)

Juglans spp. (walnut with husk)

Lycopersicon lycopersicum (tomato, pink and red ripe)

Malus sylvestris (apple)

Mangifera indica (mango)

Murraya exotica (mock orange)

Olea europea (olive)

Opuntia spp. (optunia cactus)

Persea americana (avocado)

Phaseolus spp. (bean)

Phoenix dactylifera (date)

Pisum sativum (pea)

Prunus americana (plum)

P. armeniaca (apricot)

P. avium* (Cerasus***)** (cherries, sweet and sour)

P. domestica (prune)

P. dulcis* (Amygdalus***)** (almond with husk)

P. persica (peach)

P. persica var. ***Nectarina*** (nectarine)

P. salicina (Japanese plum)

Psidium cattleianum (strawberry guava)

P. guajava (guava)

P. GUAJAVA (POMIFERUM) (pomiform guajava)

PUNICA GRANATUM (pomegranate)

PYRUS COMMUNIS (pear)

Ribes spp. (currant, gooseberry)

Rubus spp. (boysenberry, loganberry, raspberry)

Sechium edule (chayote)

***Syzigium malaccense* (*Eugenia malaccensis*)** (mountain apple)

Terminalia cherbula (black myrobalan)

Thevetia peruviana (yellow oleander)

Vicia faba (broad bean)

Vigna sinensis (cowpea)

Vitis spp. (grape)

PC is required for commodities not otherwise addressed in this summary.

?? From California

Fruit must originate from areas not regulated for the Mediterranean fruit fly. PC must show State and county of origin in the Place of Origin box.

?? Safeguarding

Medfly hosts must be produced and packed outside of areas regulated for Mediterranean fruit fly. No hosts are to be certified if they are produced within the quarantine regulated areas.

If a shipment transits an area regulated for Medfly, it must be properly safeguarded. Before entering a regulated area, the shipment must be enclosed or completely covered to prevent access of Medfly (examples are canvas, plastic, or closely woven cloth). If containerized, the ventilation ducts must be covered with 16 mesh or finer screen. The enclosed vehicle is not to be opened, unpacked, or unloaded in the quarantine area. Shipments which transit and are safeguarded must have the measures detailed in the Means of Conveyance box, for example, "sealed and screened container." Shipments not meeting the above requirements are not to be certified.

Due to the seriousness of this pest, all shipments of host material from non-regulated areas must be closely inspected, which should include fruit cutting, to ensure freedom from Medfly.

?? Host fruit of [Anastrepha suspensa](#) (Caribbean fruit fly) such as **Citrus** from Florida except sour lemon (**C. limon**)

Fruit must be treated with methyl bromide at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours at 24-29 degrees Celsius (75-84 degrees Fahrenheit) with a maximum chamber load of percent; or certified under the fruit fly free zone protocol; or subjected to cold treatment (either in transit or prior to export in approved warehouses).

?? Fruit (other than mango fruit that have been treated by hot water immersion in Mexico to meet U.S.A. entry requirements) and vegetables from Mexico not otherwise prohibited Mexican fruit and vegetables that have been legally entered into the U.S.A. commerce can be certified for re-export to Japan. Follow the established procedures for re-export shipments documented in the Export Certification Manual.

PC is required with an AD that, "The commodity in this shipment met the entry requirements of the United States." If readily available, attach a Mexican phytosanitary certificate to the PPQ Form 579. However, lack of the Mexican certificate should not be cause for refusing certification.

NOTE: Mango fruits that have been treated by hot water immersion in Mexico to meet U.S. requirements are **NOT** to be certified for re-export to Japan. Mexican mango fruits are enterable into Japan when moving directly between Mexico and Japan. Mexican mango fruit may transit (T&E) the U.S. (via specified routes) in sealed, airtight containers, and accompanied by phytosanitary certificates issued for Japan by the Mexican plant quarantine authority and treatment certificate (PPQ form 540).

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